

# PHYS 483 Problem Set 3

*Date: Tuesday, March 18<sup>th</sup>, 2003*  
*Due date: Tuesday, March 25<sup>th</sup>, 2003*

- **Problem 1** [15 points] *Introduction to Algorithms, page 31, exercise 2.1-2*

Show that for any real constants  $a$  and  $b$ , where  $b > 0$ ,

$$(n + a)^b = \Theta(n^b)$$

- **Problem 2** [15 points] *Introduction to Algorithms, page 31, exercise 2.1-4*

Is  $2^{n+1} = O(2^n)$ ? Is  $2^{2n} = O(2^n)$ ?

- **Problem 3** [20 points] *Introduction to Algorithms, page 58, exercise 4.1-6*

Solve the recurrence  $T(n) = 2T(\sqrt{n}) + 1$  by making a change of variables. Do not worry about whether values are integral.

- **Problem 4** [25 points] *Introduction to Algorithms, page 61, exercise 4.2-5*

Use a recursion tree to solve the recurrence  $T(n) = T(\alpha n) + T((1 - \alpha)n) + n$ , where  $\alpha$  is a constant in the range  $0 < \alpha < 1$ .

- **Problem 5** [25 points] *Introduction to Algorithms, page 64, exercise 4.3-2*

The running time of an algorithm  $A$  is described by the recurrence  $T(n) = 7T(n/2) + n^2$ . A competing algorithm  $A'$  has a running time of  $T'(n) = aT'(n/4) + n^2$ . What is the largest integer value for  $a$  such that  $A'$  is asymptotically faster than  $A$ ?